Prevalence of Pedestrian and Driver Distraction and Risk of Associated Traffic Conflicts



Bob Scopatz Lifesavers 2021

Sponsored by: NHTSA Office of Behavioral Safety Research

2013-2017

Project Manager: Kristie Johnson





NHTSA

Distracted Driving & Pedestrian Safety

2018 Distraction-Affected Crashes:

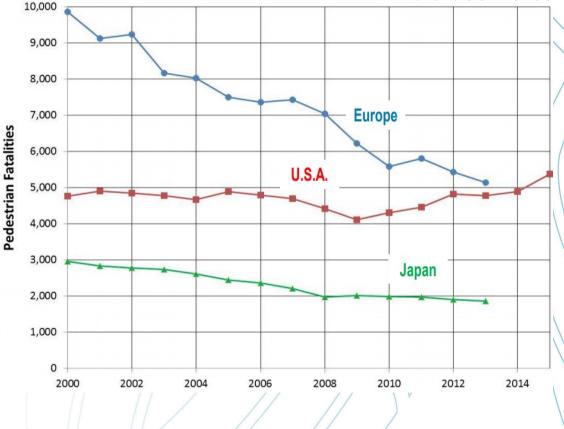
- 2,841 fatalities
- 400,000 injuries

Drivers using hand-held devices (NOPUS, 2018)

- 1.7% in 2013
- 2.1% in 2018
- 3.9% of drivers 16-24 years old

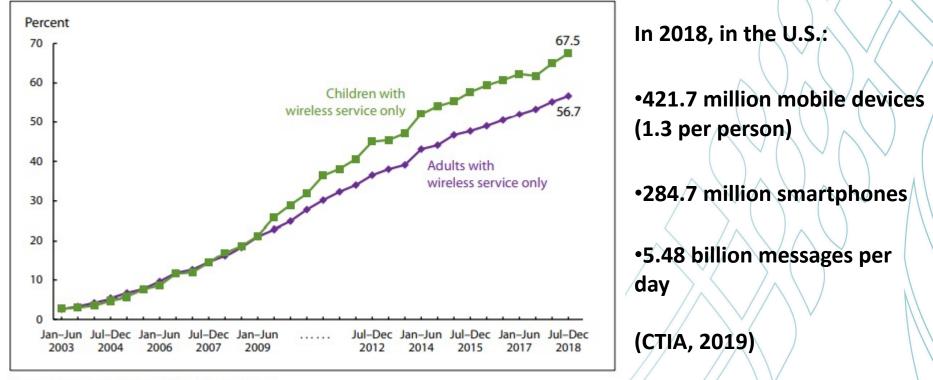
When texting:

- Eyes off the road an average of 5 sec
- 5 seconds = 100 yards at 55 mph



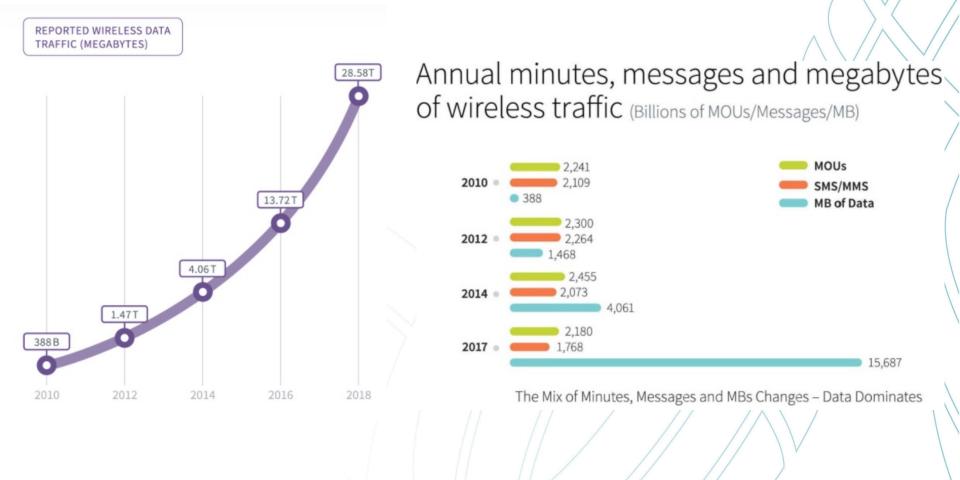
Increasing Cell Phone and Data Use

Figure. Percentages of adults and children living in households with only wireless telephone service: United States, 2003–2018



NOTE: Adults are aged 18 and over; children are under age 18. SOURCE: NCHS, National Health Interview Survey.

Increasing Cell Phone and Data Use



Study Design







Preliminary Results

Distracted Pedestrians:

- Over 2/3* of pedestrians
- They walk slower
- Stay in the lines better
- Prevailing distractors**:
 - Other People
 - Cell Phone
 - Media Player

Distracted Drivers:

- Almost half* of all drivers
- 66+ year olds less distracted
- Truck, van, and SUV drivers more distracted
- Prevailing distractors**:
 - Other People
 - Cell Phone

* If "other people" included. Distraction drops to about half (peds) or 1/3 (drivers) if other people excluded. ** Distractors included: other people, cell phone, eating/drinking, media player, reading, tablet computer, GPS device, and "other"

Statistical Models Predicting Traffic Conflicts

Full Model (risk increase)

- For distracted pedestrian
- For distracted driver
- For ped ages 26-35
- For ped weaving path

Best Model (risk increase/decrease)

- If pedestrian & driver both distracted
- If crossing at the back of a group
- If vehicle is an SUV
- If the pedestrian is weaving

Bob Scopatz| <u>bscopatz@vhb.com</u> | 919.334.5624 Kristie Johnson | <u>kristie.johnson@dot.gov</u> | 202.366.2755

