Session--Performance
Measures Matter: Tips and
Techniques for Collecting &
Leveraging Bike/Pedestrian
Data



Presentation—A
Transportation Forecasting
View of Bicycle &
Pedestrian Data

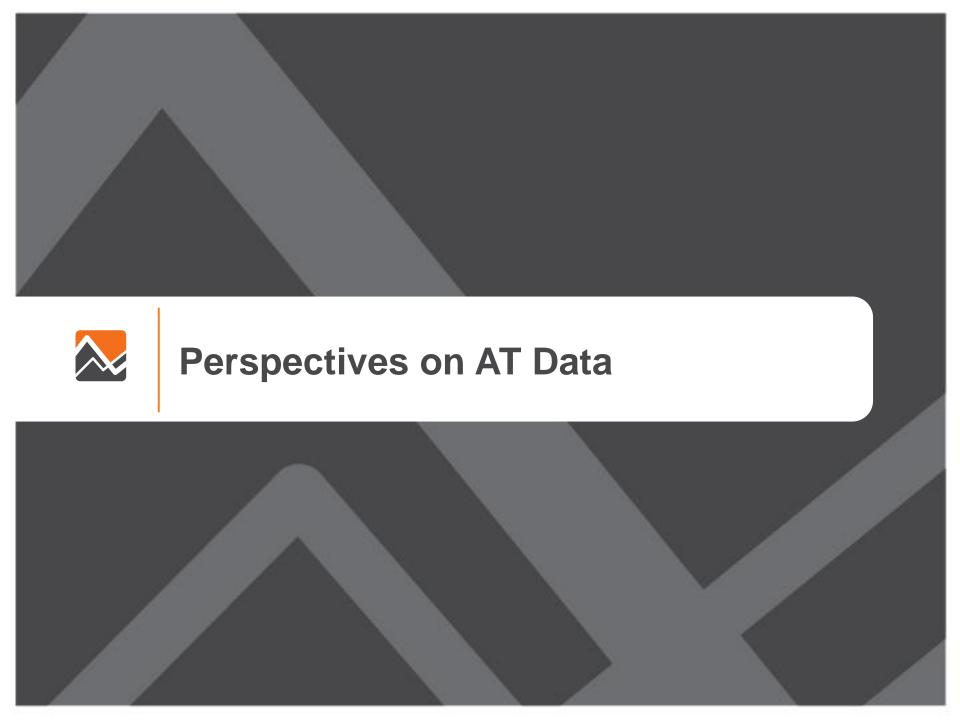
Jeff Frkonja (RSG)

Agenda

- Different Perspectives on Active Transport Data
- How Travel Forecasting Views the World
- Data from which Forecasting forms its Views
- A Vision of an Active Transport Data Program







SAFETY

"EXPOSURE" -- SYSTEM LEVEL

How many bicyclists and pedestrians?

How many vehicles?

What physical design features and environmental conditions?





Ped/Bike Data Needs for Safety

- Pedestrian*
 - Total Daily Two-Way Pedestrian Count/Exposure
 - Crossing Pedestrian Count/Exposure
 - Sidewalk Presence
 - Crosswalk Presence/Type
 - Intersection/Junction Geometry

- Type of Intersection/Junction
- Pedestrian Signalization Type
- Pedestrian Signal Special Features
- Circular Intersection Pedestrian Facility
- Circular Intersection Crosswalk Location

- Bicycle*
 - Bicycle Count/Exposure
 - Presence/Type of Bicycle Facility
 - Width of Bicycle Facility



*Based on FHWA Model Inventory of Roadway Elements (MIRE) http://www.mireinfo.org/

Health



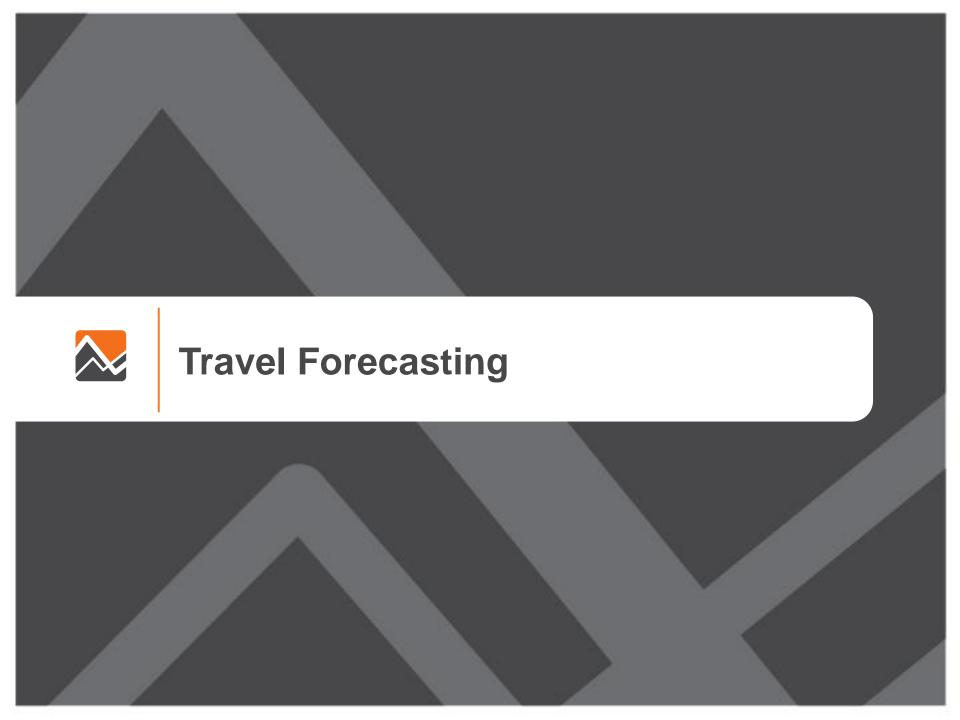
EPIDEMIOLOGICAL/POPULATION LEVEL

How Much Physical Activity?

Walking, Walking to Transit, Bicycling

What Promotes Physical Activity?

- Personal Interventions ("...my doctor says...")
- Environmental Interventions (urban and building forms that promote active behavior)
- Attitudes



What does Travel Forecasting Tell Us?

What places PRODUCE trips?
What places ATTRACT trips?
HOW MANY TRIPS produced/attracted?

What is the DESTINATION of each trip? What is the ORIGIN of each trip?

By what MODE are trips made?

From a safety perspective:

- HOW MANY bicyclists and walkers
- WHERE they are in the system
- HOW MANY vehicles are around
- on what FACILITIES
- ULTIMATELY: HOW MANY INCIDENTS?

By which ROUTES are trips made?

For forecast "scenario" (= supply characteristics plus demand characteristics)



What does Travel Forecasting Tell Us?

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By which ROUTES are trips made?

Trip Generation **Trip Distribution Mode Choice** (and time of day)

Trip Assignment

Generic Model Software Flowchart

For forecast "scenario" (= supply characteristics plus demand characteristics)



From what is model built?

Real peoples' travel behavior

Household Travel Survey

- From Where? To Where?
- When?
- Why?
- How?
- Who are you?
- ...GPS augmented...
 - By what route?

- = Origin/Destination
- = Departure/Arrival Time
- = Purpose
- = Mode
- = Age, gender, income, etc.

= Path (route)



Observed System and Land Use Data

- Traffic Counts
- Transit Surveys/Boardings
- Bike/Ped Counts
- Census/ACS/CTPP
- Employment Data
- Urban Form



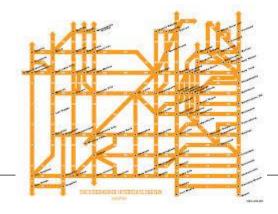


"Supply" Data

- Roads
- Bike Trails
- Buses
- Trains
- Ferries
- Sidewalks









Statistics

$$Prob(y_{ih}=1) = \frac{\exp(v_{ih})}{\sum_{j \in U} \exp(v_{jh})}$$

• ...but don't fret about the math: statistics simply help us understand observed data in ways that let us estimate or forecast situations we can't observe directly.

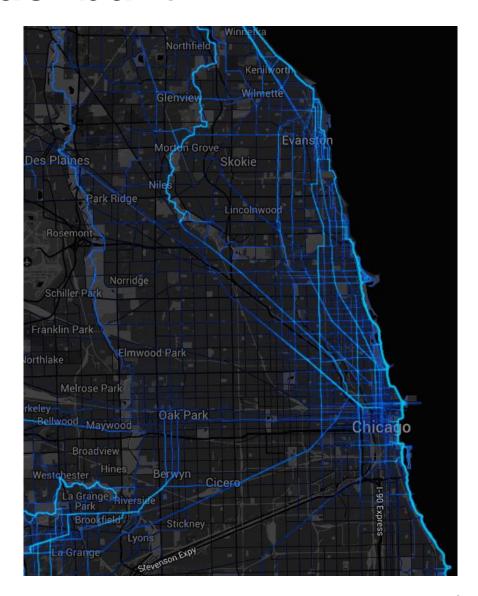


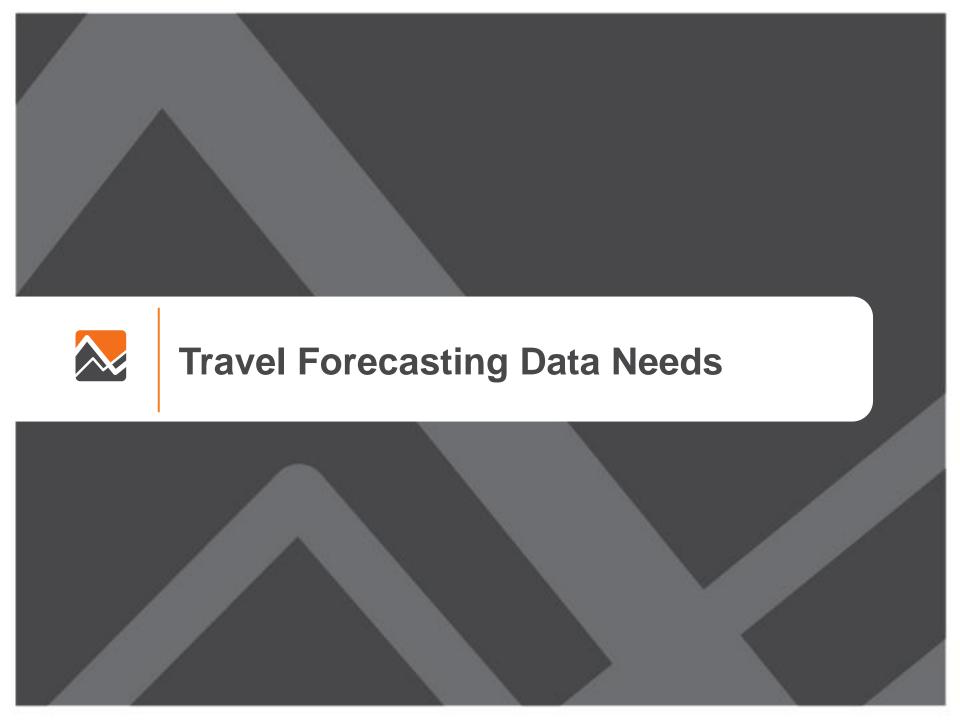
From what is model built?

"CrowdSourced" Route Data

- CycleTracks
- http://www.sfcta.org/modeling-and-travelforecasting/cycletracks-iphone-andandroid
- Strava
- http://labs.strava.com/







Forecasters Want it All...

TRANSPORTATION RESEARCH BOARD
BICYCLE & PEDESTRIAN DATA SUBCOMMITTEE DATA FRAMEWORK

Travel Monitoring

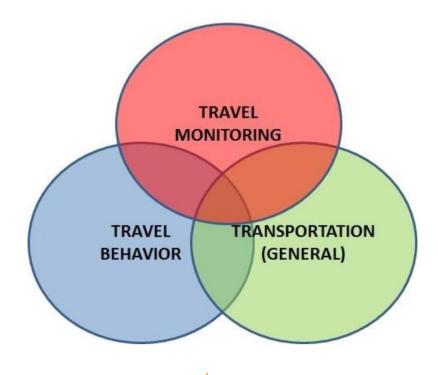
- Bike Counts
- Ped Counts
- Vehicle Counts

General Transport

- System Supply
- Facility Design/Geometry

Traveler & Travel Characteristics

- Demographics
- Trip Purpose
- Home and Destination Locations







Supply & Land Use Data

FOUNDATION UPON WHICH ALL OTHER

DATA REST

Framework

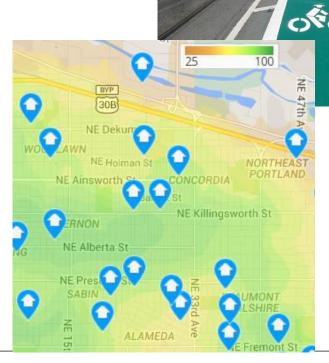
Where travelers can be

What facility type

What geometry

Surroundings

- Places to Live
- Places to Go
- Streetscape







Behavioral Data

If Travel Mode = bike

Please tell us about <Name>'s trip from Home to Son's daycare.

Viewing trip 1 of 11 total trip(s).

Time departed from Home:

Time arrived at Son's daycare:

Main purpose of trip

Main way traveled on trip:

Select...

Select...

Select...

Select...

Select...

Select...

Select...

Select...

Time arrived at Son's daycare:

Select...

Select...

Select...

Select...

Select...

Surveys

- Household Travel Diary
- Transit (or other mode) Origin-Destination
- Spatially-enabled Route Choice
- See your region's Metropolitan
 Planning Organization site, or the NHTS



AKA "SYSTEM PERFORMANCE" DATA

Counting People and Bicycles

- How many
- When

Challenges

- Target Identification
- Geographic Coverage
- Variability





EXAMPLE AGENCIES

Delaware Valley Regional Planning Commission

- Metropolitan Planning Organization
- http://www.dvrpc.org/Traffic/

Colorado State Department of Transportation

- State DOT
- https://data.colorado.gov/Transportation/Colorado-Bike-and-Pedestrian-Count-Data/55wz-dapi

Portland State Transportation Research and Education Center

- Academic Research
- http://trec.pdx.edu/about/#1586/Bicycles_and_Pedestrians





TIP: STRIVE FOR LONGITUDINAL, CONTINUOUS COLLECTION

TIP: COVERAGE IS IMPORTANT BUT ONLY WITH GOOD OBSERVATIONS

Portland



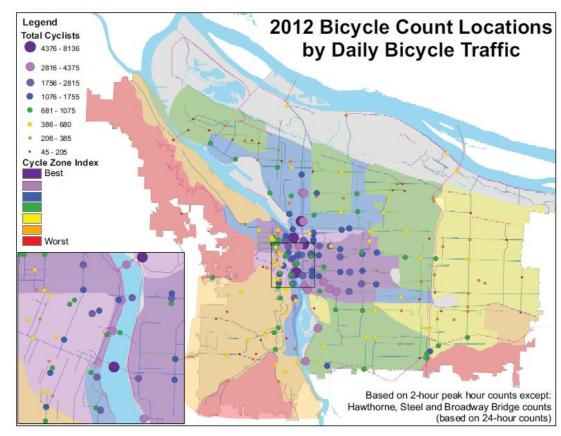
 https://www.portlandore gon.gov/transportation/4 4671

Variability

- Continuous Counts
- Seasonal
- Random
- Daily

Coverage

- System-wide
- Choke points



A Hope: Data Standards and Data Sharing

FHWA-Travel Monitoring Analysis System (TMAS)

- National Framework
 - http://www.fhwa.dot.gov/policyinformation/travelmonitoring.cfm
- Standard Data Format—Travel Monitoring Guide (TMG)
 - http://www.fhwa.dot.gov/policyinformation/tmguide/
- Data that feeds the Highway Performance Monitoring System
- Bicycle and Pedestrian data standards & storage added or being added

Challenges

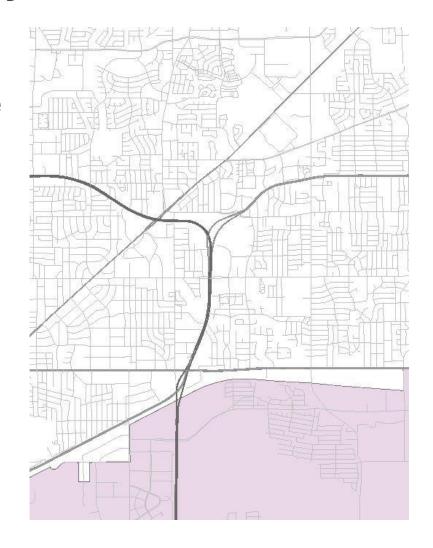
- Data compatibility
- Data quality





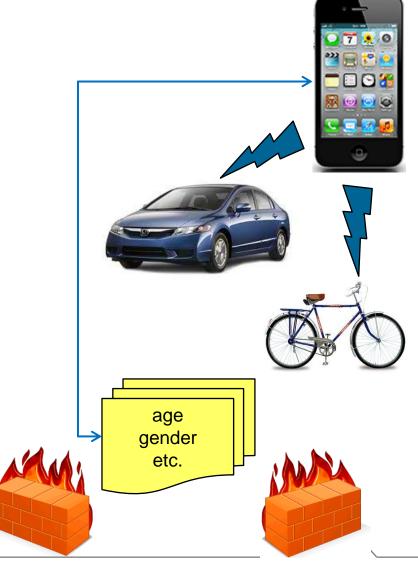
Envision the Ideal Data System...

- Register to a common reference:
 GIS-based network and land use
- Core of common (but extensible) collection, QC/QA, exchange, and storage protocols
- System and data interoperability (perhaps via Regional ITS Architecture?)



Let's imagine, for a moment...

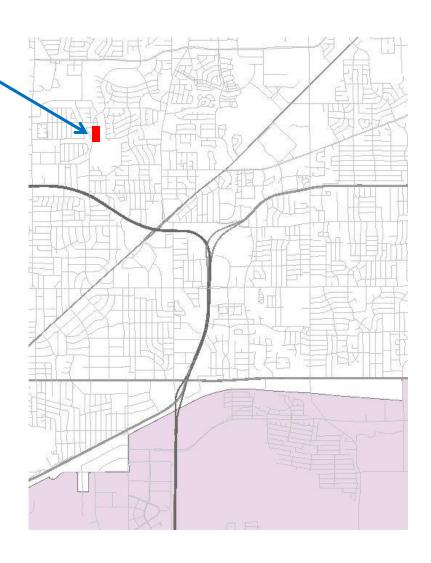
- All travelers have personal GPSenabled device
- "Smart" device talks to "smart" vehicle/bicycle to ID mode used, number of occupants
- Device can be related to "anonymized" socio-economic data about user
- Privacy protections are in place and robust
- Public agencies can sample data when needed (without invading privacy)





Pick a facility, any facility...

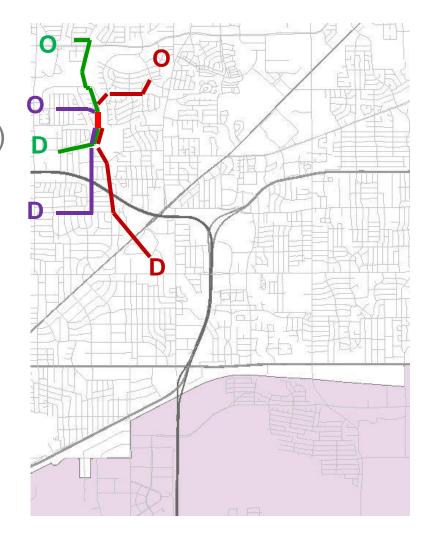
 ...in our GIS-based reference system.



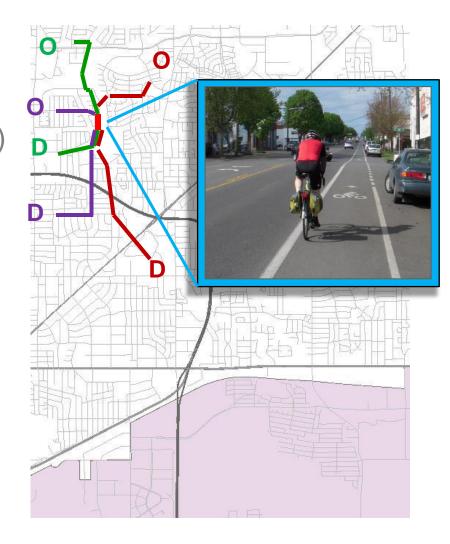
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 - System Performance (counts)



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- Where are those cyclists coming from? Going to? By what path? Why?
 - Traveler behavior (survey)



- How many bicyclists (or motorists, or transit riders, or...) on given date/time?
 - System Performance (counts)
- Where are those cyclists coming from? Going to? By what path? Why?
 - Traveler Behavior (survey)
- Does the facility have bike lanes? Good pavement conditions? Bike-actuated signals? History of accidents?
 - General Transport Data (system characteristics, safety)



Concluding Thoughts

Plan Thoughtfully for Data Collection

Preparation

- Pedestrians & Bicycles are Different
- Continuous/Longitudinal Monitoring/Counting
- Be "in" for the long haul—have an evolution strategy

Coordination

- Data will be collected by different agents/agencies
- Look for synergies
- Seize and Create opportunities



