

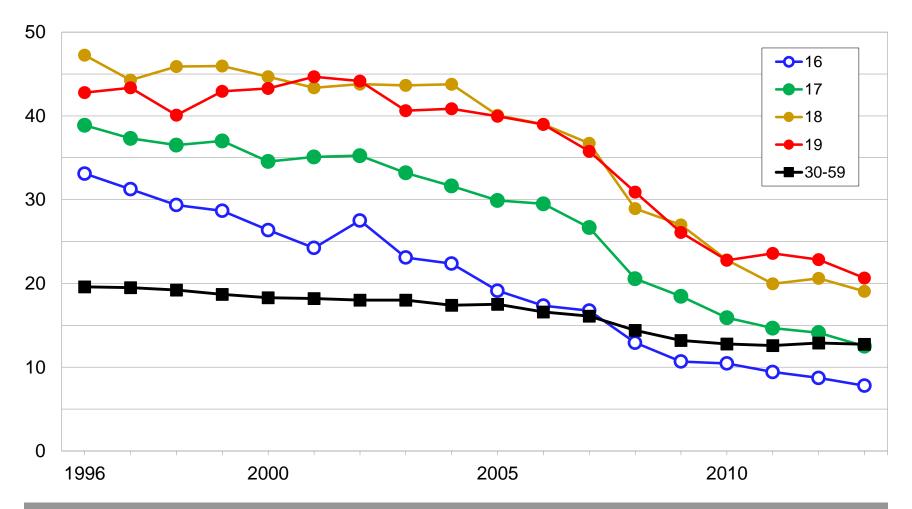
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Helping Parents Make Safer Vehicle Choices for Teens

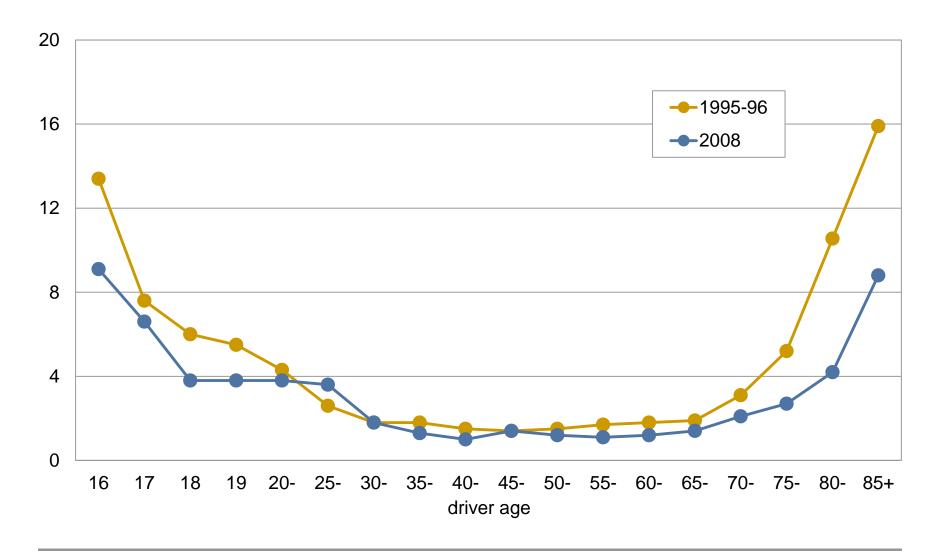
Lifesavers National Conference on Highway Safety Priorities Chicago, IL • March 16, 2015 Angela H. Eichelberger

Passenger vehicle fatal crash involvements per 100,000 people

By driver age, 1996-2013

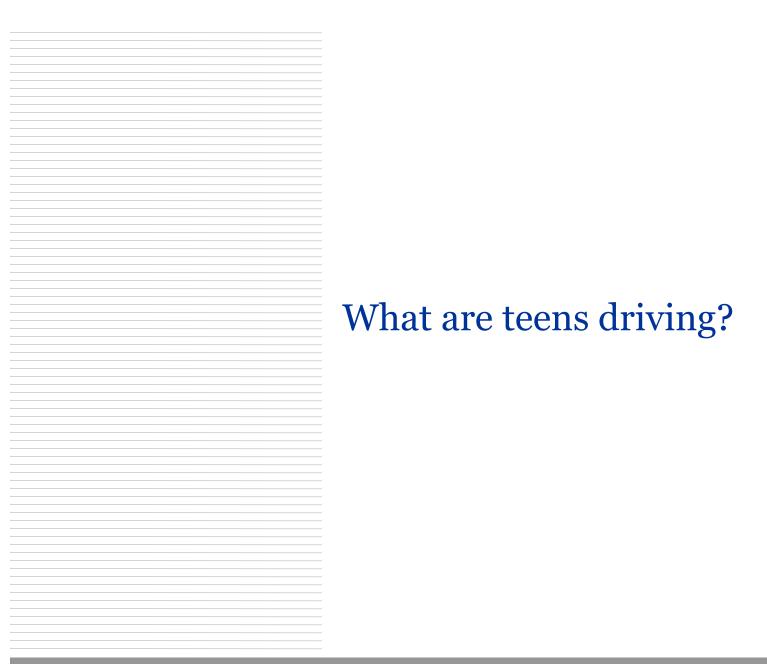


Rates of passenger vehicle driver fatal crash involvements per 100 million miles traveled by age, 1995-96 and 2008



Teenagers' current crash risk

- Despite proven effectiveness of graduated driver license programs in reducing teenage drivers' crash risks, their crash risk remains high
- Motor vehicle crashes persist as the leading cause of death among teens ages 13 to 19
- What else can been done to reduce teenagers' crash risk?
 - Parents make many important decisions about their teenagers' driving, including the type of vehicle they drive, access to the vehicle, and supervision of driving



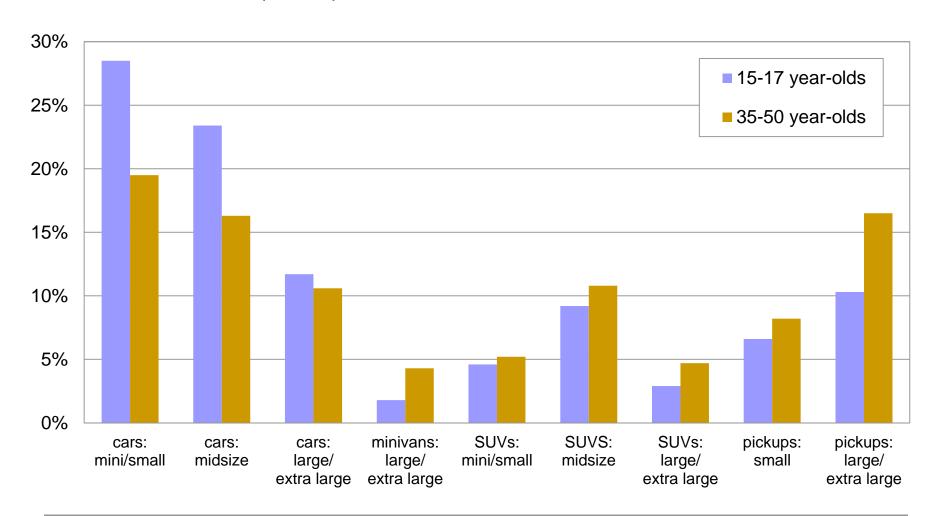
Comparison of vehicles driven by teenage drivers and middle-aged drivers killed in crashes

McCartt & Teoh (2014)

- Data on fatal crashes during 2008-12 from FARS
 - Teenagers defined as ages 15-17 and middle-aged drivers defined as ages 35-50
 - Non-passenger vehicles excluded
 - Using VINS, decoded type, size, and age of vehicles and determined availability of side airbags and electronic stability control as standard or optional feature

Type and size profile of passenger vehicles of fatally injured teen and middle-aged drivers, 2008-12

McCartt & Teoh (2014)



Age distribution (percent) of passenger vehicles of fatally injured teen and middle-aged drivers, 2008-12

McCartt & Teoh (2014)

vehicle age	drivers ages 15-17	drivers ages 35-50
<3 years	6.1	8.4
3-5 years	12.0	14.2
6-10 years	34.2	31.2
11-15 years	30.8	26.4
16+ years	16.9	19.8

Safety features available on vehicles of fatally injured teenage and middle-aged drivers, 2008-2012

McCartt & Teoh (2014)

Side airbags

- —36 percent of the vehicles of both teenagers and adults had optional or standard side airbags, but adults' vehicles were slightly more likely to have side airbags as a standard feature (14% vs. 12%)
- Electronic Stability Control (ESC)
 - About 12 percent of teenagers' vehicles had ESC as standard (3 percent) or optional (8 percent) feature
 - About 15 percent of adults' vehicles had ESC as a standard (7 percent) or optional (9 percent) feature.

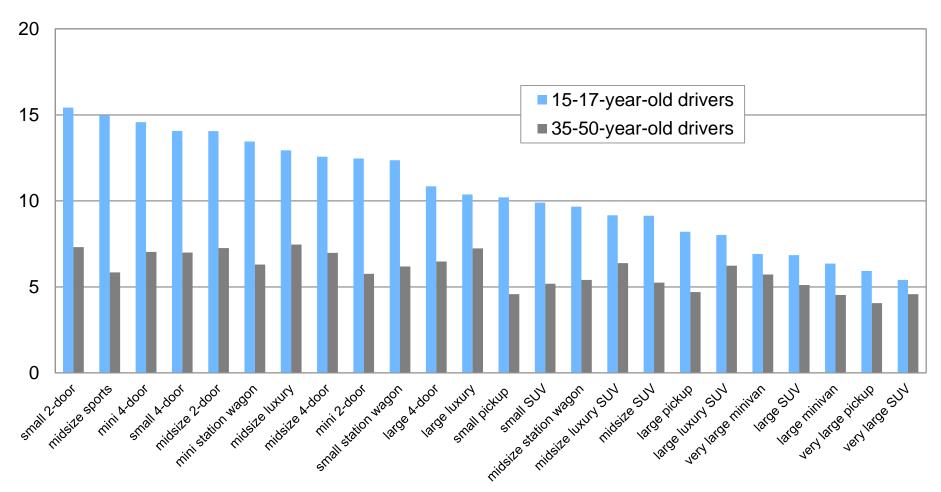
Insurance data on vehicles driven by teenage and middle-aged drivers

Highway Loss Data Institute (2014)

- Data on collision claims
 - Vehicles rated to driver ages 15-17 and ages 35-50
 - -2000-13 models during calendar years 2008-12
 - Examined by vehicle type and size

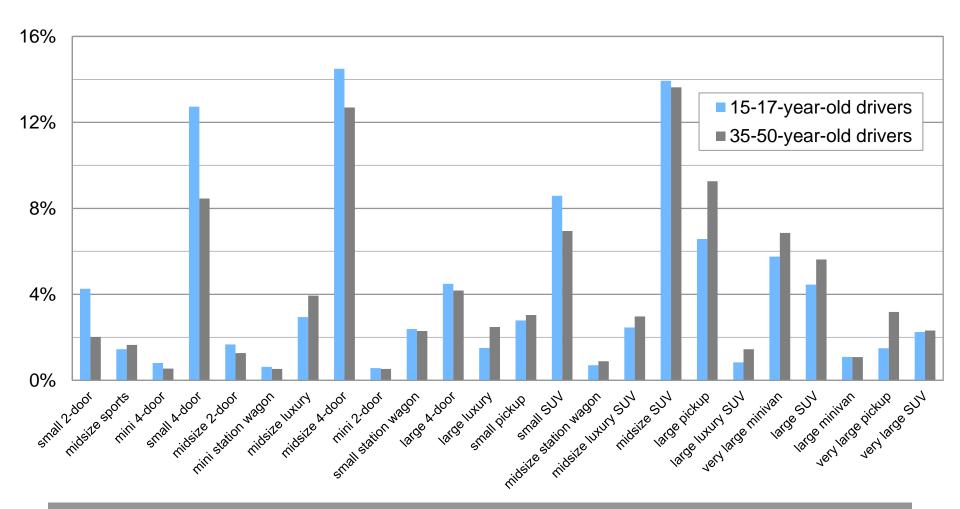
Rate of collision claims per 100 insured vehicle years among teenage and middle-aged drivers

By vehicle type and size, 2000-13 models, calendar years 2008-12



Percent distribution of insured vehicles rated to teenage and middle-aged drivers

By vehicle type and size, 2000-13 models, calendar years 2008-12

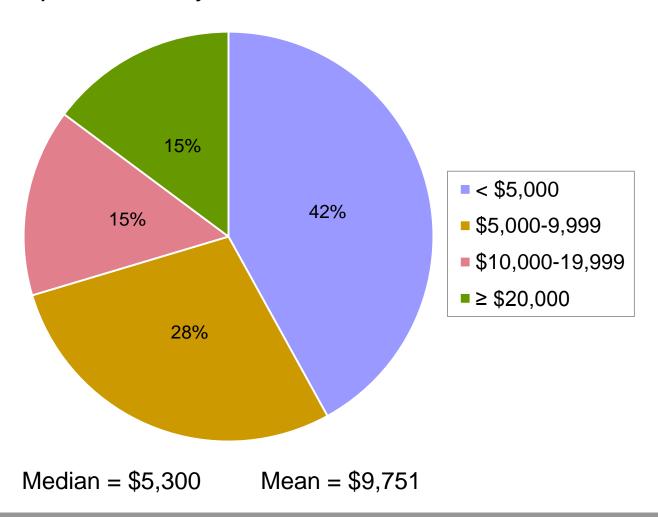


National telephone survey of 500 parents of teenage drivers, May 2014

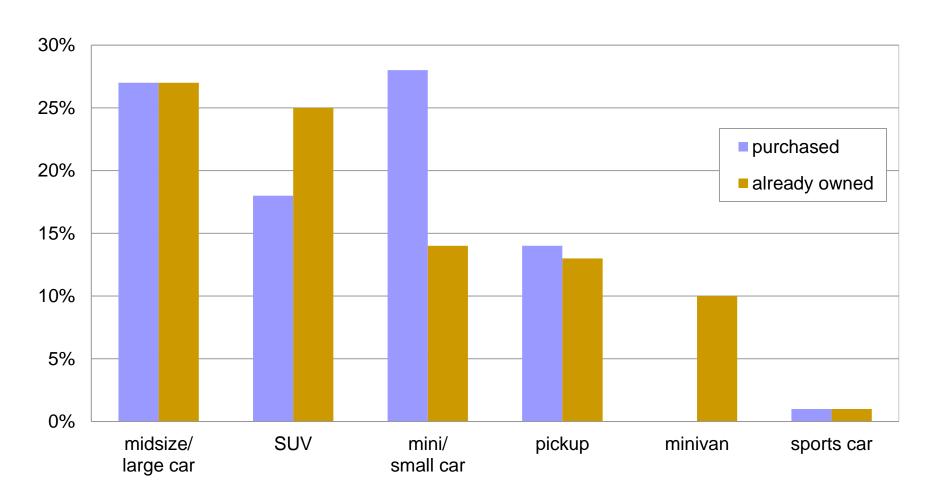
Eichelberger, Teoh, & McCartt (2014)

- 43 percent of vehicles driven by teenagers were purchased when teenager started driving or later
- 83 percent of newly purchased vehicles were used
- 57 percent of teenagers drove a vehicle already owned by family
- 71 percent of teenagers were the primary driver of the vehicle
 - Teenagers were more often the primary driver of vehicles purchased,
 compared with vehicles already owned by the family (89 vs. 57 percent)

Approximate price of vehicles purchased when teenager started driving or later



Percent distribution of type and size of teens' vehicles by whether vehicle was purchased or already owned



Percent distribution of model year of teens' vehicles by whether vehicle was purchased or already owned

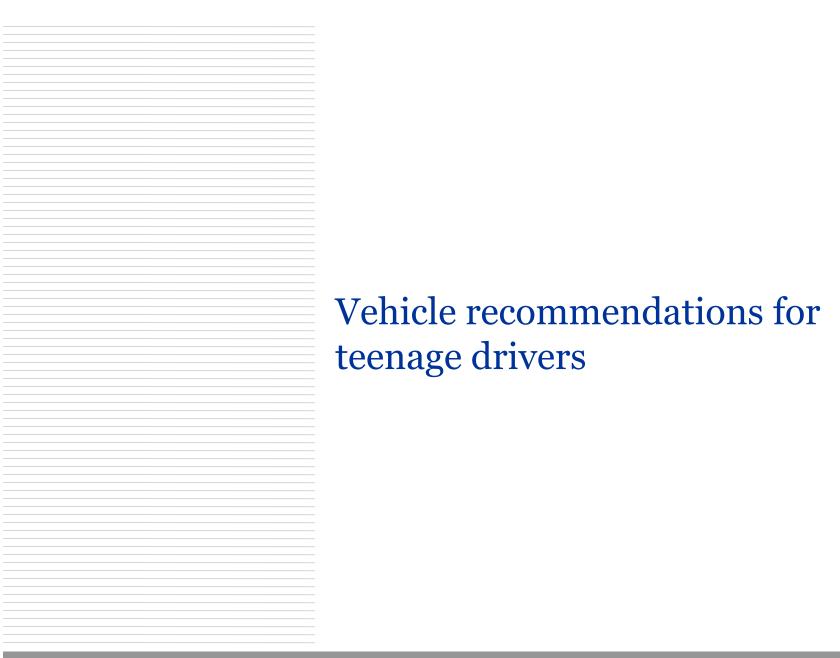


Most important reason for choosing teenagers' vehicle

	percent
safety	23
low cost to purchase, maintain, or insure	16
already owned	11
reliability	10
styling	10
size	9
good gas mileage	7
received as gift/free	3

Safety features parent insisted vehicle have

	percent
driver/passenger front airbags	54
seat belts	33
side airbags	25
antilock brakes	18
good crash test/consumer ratings	8
bumper strength	5
electronic stability control	5





Best choices

Recommended used vehicles for teens starting under \$20,000

Vehicles on this list earn good ratings in the BMS moderate overlap front, side, roof strength and head restraint hasts. If raind by NelTSA, they earn 4 or 5 stars evenue or 4 or 5 stars in the hard and acide tests under the old rating

Poices, regarded to the neumest \$100; are from Kelley Blue Book as of July 1, 2014, for the lawest from level and custions applicable model your board on the federatory contents vehicle in good condition, bytecal minage and private

Large cars	Price
South 19-5 section 7011 and later	\$17,500
Lincoln MKS 2000 and later	\$15,500
Bulck Regal 2011 and later	\$13,500
Ford Tourist 2010 and later	\$13,500
Bolck LaCrosse (000 and later Volto 580 (007 and later	\$12,900
stren port total statistics.	\$9,000

Michiga caru	
Royota Praus v 2007 and hear	Part nice
Mercedes-Berz C-Class sprain new	\$10,100
Honda Accord sedan 2012 and time- serge 2013-14	\$14,400
Audi A4 2000 and loth	*****
Royota Centry 2013 and letw	\$14,300
Buick Versing 2012 and later	\$14,300
Substrut Outback 2010 and how	\$14,100
Lincoln MKZ 2010 and later traff after \$p10 2010	\$14,000
Kin Optimu 2017 and loss	\$13,500
Harmonial Control and later	\$12,300
Hytaridal Sonata 2011 and later	\$12,100
Subaru Lagacy 2011 mil later	\$11,900
Dodge Avenger 2011 and have	\$11,000
Auch A3 7000 and law	\$11,300
Volkswagen CC 2000 and later	\$11,200
Chewrolet Melibu 2010 and later (soft after November 2009	\$10,000
Chrysler 200 sedan 207 and later	\$10,700
Mercany Milan 2010 and inter-train about non-	\$10,700
PORT PURSON 2010 and total facility from a consensus	
COLUMNICATI PROBAT TO COLUMNICATION COLUMNIC	\$10,200
Notice C30 (1008 and lister	\$10,000
Oliczanaczon John Country	\$9,800
Officeration has been alreaded 2000 and later	\$9,400
Okowagen Jeta 2003 and later	\$6,200

Small SINs	Price
Honda CP-V 2017 and later	\$18,100
Kid Sportage 2011 and later	\$13,800
Hyundai Tucson (111) and later	\$13,100
Subaru Forester 2005 and later	\$12,800
Mitsubishi Outlander Sport 2011 and lake	\$12,000
Adkonisgen Tiguen and and one	\$10,200
Honda Elament 2007 and loan	\$8,900

Process Engineers SNV and later	\$8,900
Midsign StWs	
Volve XCEO 2010 and later	******
Snid: 9-4X 2311-12	\$18,000
Toyota Highlander 2018 and lake	\$17,800
Toyota Vorum 2000 and later	\$17,100
Ford Edward Town	\$15,900
Ford Edge 2001 and later, half other Edinary 2011 Ford Flore 2009	\$15,500
CONTRACTOR STATE SAME	\$15,100
GMC Terrain 2000 and later	\$14,900
Kier Boronio 7071 and have	\$14,500
Infinity EX 2008 and later	\$14,400
Chevristot Equinax 2010 and line	\$11,700
Godge Journey 2010 and later	
Subaru Tribeca/89 Tribeca cross and sale	\$11,200
Volvo XCSO 2003 and loss	\$8,500
	\$7,000
Large StN's	
Buick England 2019 and later	#10.00a
GMC Acadis 1001	\$19,900
Charles and the Control of the Contr	\$17,800

Cheurolet Traverse 2011 and links	\$16,600
Minicans	A10,600
Chrysler Town & Country 2012 and line	\$18,100
Prints Odynasy 2021 and later	\$17,100
Royota Sienna 2011 sections Dedge Grand Garanas 2012 sections	\$16,400
Volksmagen Routen (101)	\$15,200

\$14,000



Sofety hargain Valued at about \$7,000, the 2005 Volvo XCDO to the least expensive vehicle on the list of best ofeices. It also happens to be one of the few vehicles. un the list to most current DES FOR SAFETY FICK CITIETY. thanks to a good rating for small overlap front protection. Only four other best choices have good or goosphable small overlap protection, during frack to the nurlent model year Retest. They are the Volvo SSQ. Chryster 200, Design Averager and Mitsubishi Outlander Sport.

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Teenage vehicle recommendations guided by 4 main principles

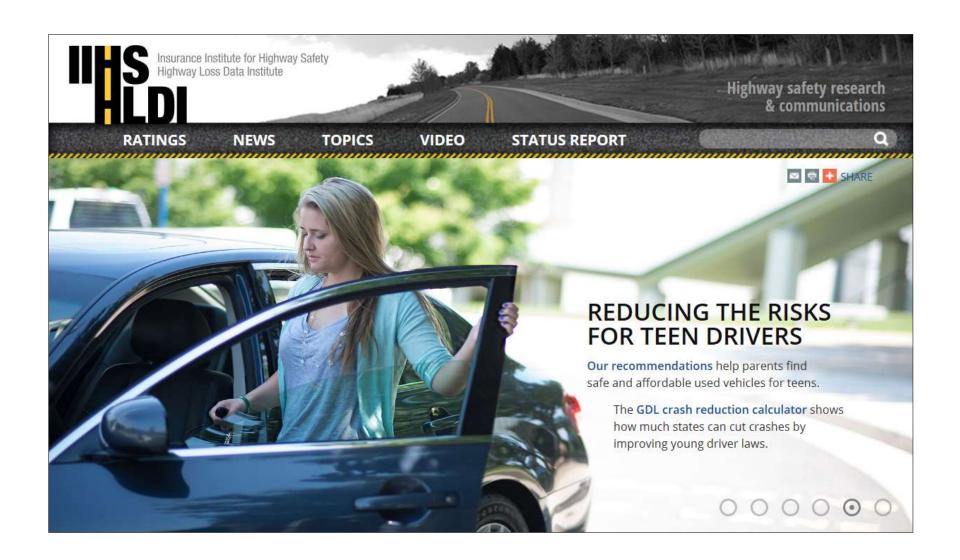
- Stay away from high horsepower. Vehicles with more powerful engines can tempt teens to test limits.
- Bigger, heavier vehicles protect better in a crash. There are no minicars or small cars on the recommended list.
- **ESC is a must.** This feature, which helps a driver maintain control of the vehicle on curves and slippery roads, reduces risk on a level comparable to safety belts.
- Vehicles should have the best safety ratings possible.
 At a minimum, that means good ratings in the IIHS moderate overlap front test, acceptable ratings in the IIHS side test and 4 or 5 stars from NHTSA.

BEST CHOICES: Recommended used vehicles starting under \$20,000

- 56 vehicles costing \$7,300-19,900 based on Kelley Blue Book on July 1, 2014
- Standard electronic stability control
- High horsepower versions excluded
- Small and mini cars excluded
- Crash test ratings
 - Good ratings in IIHS moderate overlap front, side, roof strength and head restraint tests
 - If rated by NHTSA earn 4 or 5 stars overall or 4 or 5 stars in front and side tests under the old rating scheme

GOOD CHOICES: Recommended used vehicles starting under \$10,000

- 39 vehicles costing \$4,000-\$9,800 based on Kelley Blue Book on July 1, 2014
- Standard electronic stability control
- High horsepower versions excluded
- Small and mini cars excluded
- Crash test ratings
 - Good ratings in IIHS moderate overlap front test and good or acceptable ratings in side test and better-than-poor rating for head restraints and seats
 - If rated by NHTSA, earn 4 or 5 stars overall or 4 or 5 stars in front and side tests under old rating scheme











Choosing the best vehicle for your teen

IIHS is known for its ratings of new vehicles, but for many families, a 2015 TOP SAFETY PICK or TOP SAFETY PICK+ isn't in the budget for a teen's vehicle. In a national phone survey conducted for IIHS of parents of teen drivers, 83 percent of those who bought a vehicle for their teenagers said they bought it used (see background research).

With that reality in mind, the Institute has compiled a list of affordable used vehicles that meet important safety criteria for teen drivers. There are two tiers of recommended vehicles: BEST CHOICES and GOOD CHOICES. Prices range from less than \$5,000 to nearly \$20,000, so parents can buy the most safety for their money, whatever their budget.

Defining safety

The recommendations are guided by four main principles:

- Young drivers should stay away from high horsepower. More powerful engines can tempt them to test the limits.
- **Bigger**, heavier vehicles are safer. They protect better in a crash, and HLDI analyses of insurance data show that teen drivers are less likely to crash them in the first place. There are no minicars or small cars on the recommended list. Small SUVs are included because their weight is similar to that of a midsize car.
- Electronic stability control (ESC) is a must. This <u>feature</u>, which helps a driver maintain control of the vehicle on curves and slippery roads, reduces risk on a level comparable to safety belts.
- Vehicles should have the best safety ratings possible. At a minimum, that means good ratings in the IIHS moderate overlap front test, acceptable ratings in the IIHS side crash test and four or five stars from the <u>National Highway Traffic Safety</u> <u>Administration (NHTSA)</u>.

For more information, see "Safety rides shotgun: the best used vehicles for teen drivers" (July 16, 2014), as well as our teenagers topic section.

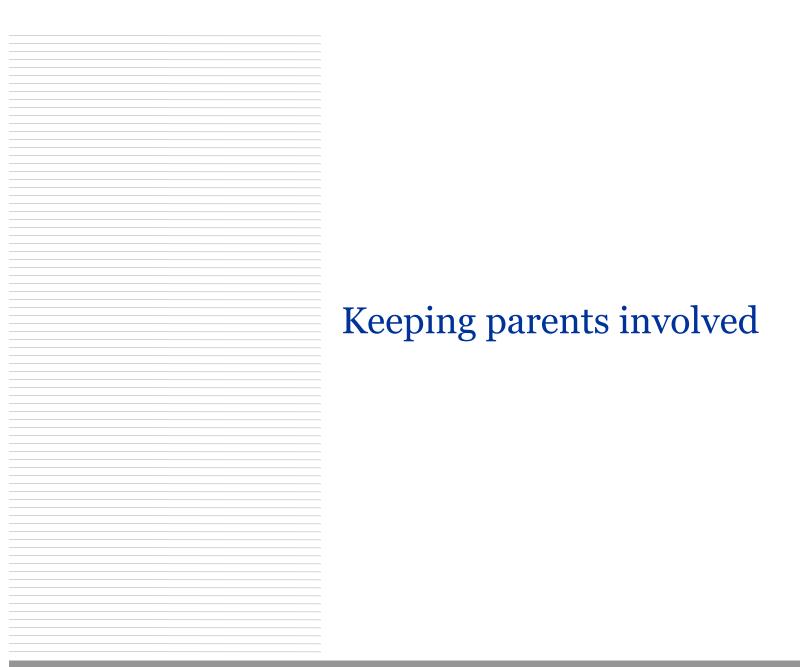
BEST CHOICES:

Recommended used vehicles for teens starting under \$20,000

Vehicles on this list earn good ratings in the IIHS moderate overlap front, side, roof strength and head restraint tests. If rated by NHTSA, they earn 4 or 5 stars overall or 4 or 5 stars in the front and side tests under the old rating scheme. All come with standard ESC.

Prices, rounded to the nearest \$100, were taken from Kelley Blue Book on July 1, 2014, for the lowest trim level and earliest applicable model year based on the following criteria: vehicle in good condition, typical mileage and private party purchase in Arlington, Va.

LARGE CARS	MODEL YEARS	PRICE
Saab 9-5 sedan	2010 and later	\$17,500
Lincoln MKS	2009 and later	\$15,500
Buick Regal	2011 and later	\$13,500
Ford Taurus	2010 and later	\$13,500
Bulck LaCrosse	2010 and later	\$12,900
Volvo 580	2007 and later	\$9,000
MIDSIZE CARS	MODEL YEARS	PRICE
Toyota Prius v	2012 and later	\$19,100
Mercedes-Benz C-Class sedan	2009 and later	\$16,000
Honda Accord sedan	2012 and later; coupe 2013-14	\$14,400
Audi A4	2009 and later	\$14,300
Toyota Camry	2012 and later	\$14,300
Buick Verano	2012 and later	\$14,100
Subaru Outback	2010 and later	\$14,000
Lincoln MKZ	2010 and later; built after April 2010	\$13,500
Ga Optima	2011 and later	\$13,300
Hyundai Sonata	2011 and later	\$12,100
Subaru Legacy	2010 and later	\$11,900
Dodge Avenger	2011 and later	\$11,600
Audi A3	2008 and later	\$11,300
Volkswagen CC	2009 and later	\$11,290
Chevrolet Malibu	2010 and later, built after November 2009	\$10,900
Chrysler 200 sedan	2011 and later	\$10,700
Mercury Milan	2010-11; built after April 2010	\$10,700
Ford Fusion	2010 and later; built after April 2010	\$10,200
Volkswagen Passat	2009 and later	\$10,000
Volvo C30	2008 and later	\$9,800
Volkswagen Jetta SportWagen	2009 and later	\$9,400
Volkswagen letta	2009 and later	\$8,200



Should teenagers have their own vehicles?

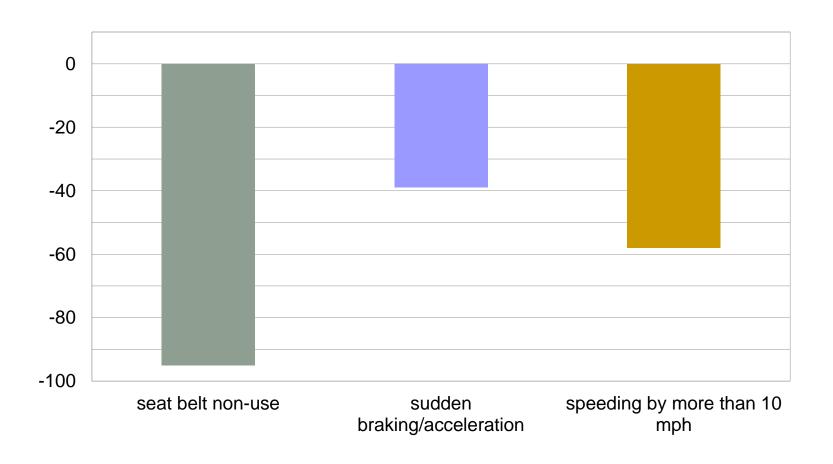
- Survey of Connecticut teenagers and parents (Williams, Leaf, Simons-Morton, & Hartos, 2006)
 - A majority of teens owned vehicles upon licensure; 74 percent owned vehicles a year after licensure
 - Teens with their own vehicles drove more, did more risky driving, and had more traffic violations and crashes
- Nationally representative school-based study (García-España, Ginsburg, Durbin, Elliott, & Winston, 2009)
 - -70 percent of teen drivers reported having primary access to a vehicle
 - Compared with teen drivers with shared access, teen drivers with primary access reported more risky driving and crashes

In-vehicle monitoring technologies can help engage parents more fully in supervising their teens' driving

- Technologies monitor driving and can give feedback to teenagers or their parents
- An IIHS study of one such technology concluded that it reduced teenagers' risky driving behavior, including speeding and not buckling up (Farmer, Kirley, & McCartt, 2010)
- Another recent study found immediate feedback to teenagers, combined with feedback to parents, reduced teenagers' risky driving behavior (Simons-Morton, et al., 2013)
- Not a substitute for parental involvement

Percent reduction in risky behaviors with monitoring device (Farmer, et al., 2010)

With alert in vehicle, delayed parent notification, parent report card



Conclusions

- Putting teenage drivers in safer vehicles is an important way to better protect them
- Both safety and cost are top concerns for parents, which suggests that they will benefit from consumer information about optimal vehicle choices for teenagers
- Parental supervision of teenage driving is still important

Resources

www.iihs.org

- Recommended used vehicles for teens
 - In the future, the lists will be updated and searchable by vehicle type and price range, for example
 - Developing a video about buying a safe car for a teen
- Consumer safety brochures
 - Shopping for a safer car
 - Beginning teen drivers
- Crash test ratings
- Availability of ESC and side airbags



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Dedicated to reducing deaths, injuries, and property damage on the highway

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