



Indisputable Limitations

FACT: Compartmentalization can provide proper protection in certain types of crashes involving a large bus and properly seated occupants who are elementary age and older and who are not medically fragile. LIMITATIONS: • The child is too small/young (preschool, under 50 pounds). • The child has special needs (fragile or cannot stay in position).

YES—these kids ride on school buses!



INFANTS
Babies who meet
the RF
weight/height limit
for CSRS.
(Usually ≤ age 2)



TODDLERS
Youngsters at least age 1 and over 20 pounds who have transitioned to FF.





Students with Special Needs Also Ride the Bus

- "Special needs" includes many conditions.
- Physical Needs
- Neurological Needs
- Mental and psychological/behavioral needs
- Some (but not all) require occupant protection solutions, using:
 - Conventional devices
 - Special needs (medical) devices
 - Wheelchairs

Terminology to Know



CHILD SAFETY RESTRAINT SYSTEM (CSRS):

Devices used on school buses to provide child protection beyond basic compartmentalization, other than lap-only or lap-shoulder belts. These must meet the requirements specified in FMVSS 213.



Add-On CSRS Just for Buses

Attach Using a "Cam Wrap"







School-Bus-Only CSRS



Add-On CSRS Just for Buses

Some are made for special needs





Cam Wrap Attachment Shown: "Portable Seat Mount" for Vests **Integrated CSRS Just for Buses Built-in CSRS** Five-point harnesses Forward-facing only No installation needed! ■Most fold away for use by others **Integrated CSRS Just for Buses Built-in CSRS for Special Needs** • For children needing extra support Adds positioning straps lap-only or lapshoulder belt systems

SafeGuard Upper Torso Device

Sometimes Conventional CRs Are Used on School Buses



- Models designed for cars can be used on school buses, if:
- They fit the needs of the child
- They can be properly anchored onto the bus seating





On school buses, CPS has 3 stages...



Three stages for school bus CPS: STAGE 1



Three stages for school bus CPS: STAGE 2



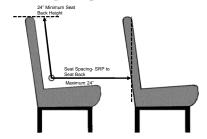
Three stages for school bus CPS: STAGE 3





Bus Considerations:

Seat Row Spacing



The maximum spacing allowed is 24 inches. This is ideal for CSRS use.

Bus Considerations:

Seat Row Spacing





It is fairly easy to see why Minimum Seat Spacing presents challenges to CSRS use!

Bus Considerations:

Seat Frame Strength





Seat belts and/or lower anchors can be retrofitted ONLY on reinforced seating that meets FMVSS 210.

Bus Considerations:

Anchorage Options





FMVSS 225 (Lower Anchors) and FMVSS 222 (lap-shoulder belts) apply to small buses \le 10,000 pounds only. Some state and municipal laws apply to larger buses.

Basic Approach to CSRS	
Selection	
CSRS suitable for the CHILD NOW: Select from these based on factors like: Convenience Cost Pros/Cons of CSRS models	
Want to Learn More?	
 8-Hour training course: "CPS Restraint Systems on School Buses National Training" (NHTSA) 	
School Bus Safety Handbook – 2nd Edition (Safe Ride News Publications)	
Online Tutorial available on NHTSA website	
CPS for School Buses listserve:	
<u>CPSforSchoolBuses@yahoogroups.com</u> (info at www.saferidenews.com)	
Helpful Resources	
NHTSA: Guideline for the Safe Transportation of Pre-school Age Children in School Buses http://www.nhtsa.do.cg/org/orgelpriny/buses-Guide/ 999/preklinal.htm	
NHTSA: Choosing the Correct School Bus For Transporting Pre-School Age Children	
http://inhtsa.go//peopleinjurybuses/choosing_schoolbuspre-school-bus_01.html * MHTSA: Child Safety Restraint Systems (CSRS) on School Busea Training Videos http://www.htmla.go//chinning-safety/school-bleuss/CSRS/SICSRS-env-school-bleuses-training-Videos	
Head Start Regulations: CFR 45 Part 1510	
National School Transportation Specifications & Procedures http://www.ncstonline.org	
 Safe Ride News: http://saferidenews.com/smdnn/SRNProducts/iSchoolBus/SafetyHandbooki/tabid/203/Default.aspx 	
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